

FEATURES

- ▶ 2" x 1" x 0.4" Metal Package
- ▶ Ultra-wide 4:1 Input Range
- ▶ Operating Temp. Range -40°C to +85°C
- ▶ Short Circuit Protection
- ▶ I/O-isolation 1500 VDC
- ▶ Input Filter meets EN 55022, class A and FCC, level A
- ▶ Remote On/Off Control (option)
- ▶ 3 Years Product Warranty



PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MINMAX MKW2000 series is a range of isolated 12W DC/DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and ultra-wide 4:1 input voltage ranges. The product comes in a 2" x 1" x 0.4" metal package with industry standard pinout. An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -40° to +85°C (with derating).

Typical applications for these converters are in battery operated equipment and instrumentation, distributed power systems, data communication and general industrial electronics.

Model Selection Guide

| Model Number | Input Voltage (Range) VDC | Output Voltage VDC | Output Current | | Input Current | | Over Voltage Protection VDC(typ.) | Max. capacitive Load µF | Efficiency (typ.) % |
|--------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | Max. mA | Min. mA | @Max. Load mA(typ.) | @No Load mA(typ.) | | | |
| | | | @Max. Load | @Max. Load | | | | | |
| MKW2021 | 24 (9 ~ 36) | 3.3 | 2400 | 240 | 423 | 10 | 3.9 | 470 | 78 |
| MKW2022 | | 5 | 2000 | 200 | 508 | | 6.8 | | 82 |
| MKW2023 | | 12 | 1000 | 100 | 595 | | 15 | | 84 |
| MKW2024 | | 15 | 800 | 80 | 595 | | 18 | 84 | |
| MKW2025 | | ±5 | ±1000 | ±100 | 508 | | ±6.8 | 150# | 82 |
| MKW2026 | | ±12 | ±500 | ±50 | 595 | | ±15 | | 84 |
| MKW2027 | | ±15 | ±400 | ±40 | 595 | | ±18 | | 84 |
| MKW2031 | 48 (18 ~ 75) | 3.3 | 2400 | 240 | 212 | 5 | 3.9 | 470 | 78 |
| MKW2032 | | 5 | 2000 | 200 | 254 | | 6.8 | | 82 |
| MKW2033 | | 12 | 1000 | 100 | 298 | | 15 | | 84 |
| MKW2034 | | 15 | 800 | 80 | 298 | | 18 | 84 | |
| MKW2035 | | ±5 | ±1000 | ±100 | 254 | | ±6.8 | 150# | 82 |
| MKW2036 | | ±12 | ±500 | ±50 | 298 | | ±15 | | 84 |
| MKW2037 | | ±15 | ±400 | ±40 | 298 | | ±18 | | 84 |

For each output

Input Specifications

| Parameter | Model | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--|------|------|------|
| Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.) | 24V Input Models | -0.7 | --- | 42 | VDC |
| | 48V Input Models | -0.7 | --- | 84 | |
| Start-Up Threshold Voltage | 24V Input Models | 8 | 8.5 | 9 | |
| | 48V Input Models | 14 | 16 | 18 | |
| Under Voltage Shutdown | 24V Input Models | 7 | 8 | 8.5 | |
| | 48V Input Models | 13 | 15 | 17 | |
| Reverse Polarity Input Current | All Models | --- | --- | 1 | A |
| Short Circuit Input Power | | --- | --- | 3500 | mW |
| Internal Power Dissipation | | --- | --- | 5000 | mW |
| Conducted EMI | | Compliance to EN 55022, class A and FCC part 15, class A | | | |

Output Specifications

| Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------------------|
| Output Voltage Setting Accuracy | | --- | --- | ±1.0 | %Vom. |
| Output Voltage Balance | Dual Output, Balanced Loads | --- | ±0.5 | ±2.0 | % |
| Line Regulation | Vin=Min. to Max. | --- | ±0.1 | ±0.5 | % |
| Load Regulation | Io=10% to 100% (3.3Vo) | --- | ±0.8 | ±1.0 | % |
| | Io=10% to 100% | --- | ±0.2 | ±0.5 | % |
| Ripple & Noise | 0-20 MHz Bandwidth | --- | --- | 75 | mV _{P-P} |
| Transient Recovery Time | 25% Load Step Change | --- | 150 | 250 | μsec |
| Transient Response Deviation | | --- | ±1.5 | ±2.5 | % |
| Temperature Coefficient | | --- | ±0.01 | ±0.02 | %/°C |
| Over Current Protection | Foldback | 120 | 160 | --- | % |
| Short Circuit Protection | Continuous | | | | |

General Specifications

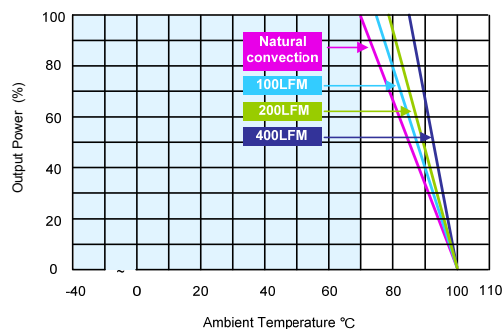
| Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------------------|--|---------|------|------|-------|
| I/O Isolation Voltage (rated) | 60 Seconds | 1500 | --- | --- | VDC |
| I/O Isolation Resistance | 500 VDC | 1000 | --- | --- | MΩ |
| I/O Isolation Capacitance | 100KHz, 1V | --- | 500 | 650 | pF |
| Switching Frequency | | 300 | 350 | 400 | KHz |
| MTBF (calculated) | MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign | 700,000 | | | Hours |
| Safety Approvals | UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(UL certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1 | | | | |

Remote On/Off Control

| Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Converter On | 2.5V ~ 5.5V or Open Circuit | | | | |
| Converter Off | -0.7V ~ 0.8V or Short Circuit | | | | |
| Control Input Current (on) | Vctrl = 5.0V | --- | --- | 50 | μA |
| Control Input Current (off) | Vctrl = 0V | --- | --- | -100 | μA |
| Control Common | Referenced to Negative Input | | | | |
| Standby Input Current | Nominal Vin | --- | --- | 10 | mA |

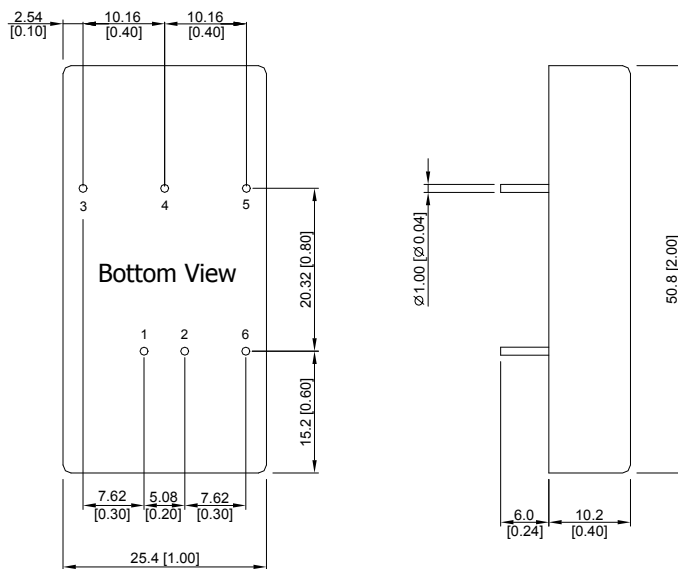
Environmental Specifications

| Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|--|---------------------|------|------|----------|
| Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve) | Natural Convection | -40 | +85 | °C |
| Case Temperature | | --- | +90 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | | -50 | +125 | °C |
| Humidity (non condensing) | | --- | 95 | % rel. H |
| Cooling | Free-Air convection | | | |
| Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.) | | --- | 260 | °C |

Power Derating Curve


Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%
- 3 These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- 4 We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
- 5 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
- 6 To order the converter with Remote On/Off function, add **suffix RC** (e.g. MKW2021-RC) to order code.
- 7 That "natural convection" is about 20LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).
- 8 Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Package Specifications
Mechanical Dimensions

Pin Connections

| Pin | Single Output | Dual Output |
|-----|---------------|---------------|
| 1 | +Vin | +Vin |
| 2 | -Vin | -Vin |
| 3 | +Vout | +Vout |
| 4 | No Pin | Common |
| 5 | -Vout | -Vout |
| 6 | Remote On/Off | Remote On/Off |

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)
X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
- ▶ Pin diameter $\varnothing 1.0 \pm 0.05$ (0.04±0.002)

Physical Characteristics

Case Size : 50.8x25.4x10.2mm (2.0x1.0x0.4 inches)

Case Material : Metal with Non-Conductive Baseplate

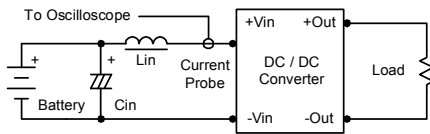
Pin Material : Copper Alloy with Gold Plate Over Nickel Underplate

Weight : 31.7g

Test Setup

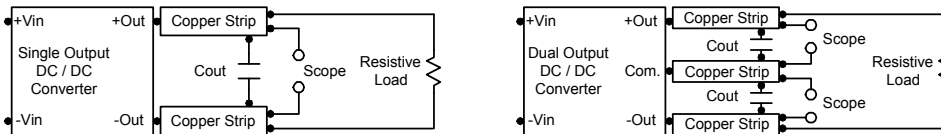
Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor L_{in} (4.7 μ H) and C_{in} (220 μ F, ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 KHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor C_{in} , offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 KHz.



Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a C_{out} 0.47 μ F ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.



Technical Notes

Remote On/Off

Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic high voltage on the remote on/off pin, and off during a logic low. Negative logic remote on/off turns the module off during a logic low and on during a logic high. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the on/off terminal and the -Vin terminal. The switch can be an open collector or equivalent. A logic low is -0.7V to 0.8V. A logic high is 2.5V to 5.5V.

The maximum sink current at on/off terminal during a logic low is 100 μ A. The maximum allowable leakage current of the switch at on/off terminal = 2.5 to 5.5V is 50 μ A.

Overcurrent Protection

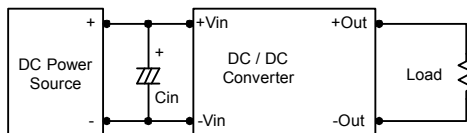
To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module.

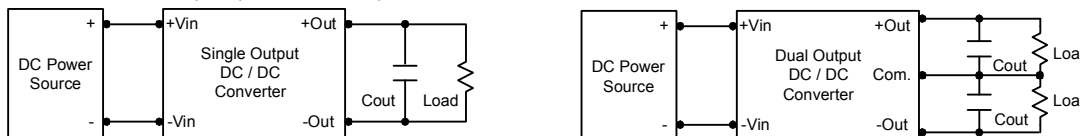
In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup.

Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 KHz) capacitor of a 10 μ F for the 24V input devices and a 4.7 μ F for the 48V devices.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 3.9 μ F capacitors at the output.



Maximum Capacitive Load

The MKW2000 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend 150 μ F maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and 470 μ F capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 90 $^{\circ}$ C.

The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

